#### Maryland

### Trauma Physician Services Fund

**September 15, 2005** 

Update to

The Maryland Health Care Commission

# Maryland Trauma Physician Services Fund

- Must report on the status of the Fund each September
- Goal: Stabilize the trauma system by providing reimbursement for...
  - 1. Physician operating losses from uncompensated care and Medicaid under-payment.
  - 2. Trauma center fixed costs for physician on-call expenses.
  - 3. Trauma centers' physician standby payments to physicians will be recognized in HSCRC approved rates no direct cost to the Fund.

Funding source is a \$5 surcharge on MVA automobile renewals.

### • • MHCC Responsibilities

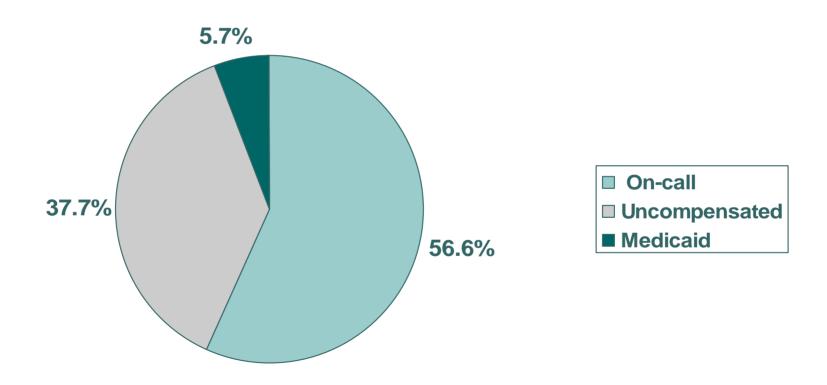
- MHCC and HSCRC are responsible for defining the methodology, taking into account:
  - the amount of physician uncompensated care and Medicaid under-compensated trauma care;
  - 2. the cost of maintaining trauma physicians on-call;
  - 3. the number of patients served by trauma physicians in trauma centers.
- The Commissions directed to include an incentive to encourage hospitals to continue to subsidize traumarelated costs, not otherwise included in hospital rates.
- Legislation specifically defined many payment rules.

### Fund Balance For FY 2005

Revenue from the \$5 Registration Renewal Fee thru 06/30/2005	\$ 22.1 Million
Outlays in Prior Year	\$ 2.1 Million
Total Outlays for FY 2005	\$ 4.5 Million
( 9 months of Experience)	
Balance at FY 2005	\$15.5 Million
Outstanding Obligations for 2005 Received, but not Paid	\$3.1 Million
Balance Less All Obligations Paid and Unpaid	\$12.4 Million

Note: Unpaid obligations occur because hospitals and practices submit requests for oncall and uncompensated care on a semi-annual basis. The second semi-annual for FY 2005 was submitted to the MHCC on July 31, a month after the fiscal year closes.

### Distribution of Dollars for Services Paid and Incurred in FY 2005



#### **Outlook For The Future**

- Real balance in the Fund is increasing by about \$5-6 million per year.
- Medicaid elevated payments are less than estimated -- will decline further as fees are raised to Medicare levels.
- On-call and uncompensated care payments are growing
- Emergency Medicine will exceed payment cap in FY 2006 -- \$250,000.
- Children's National Medical Center will receive \$275,000 grant for Standby expenses.
- Expansions could increase spending by \$4.5 \$-5.5 million a year with jeopardizing Fund.
- General Assembly could consider expanding eligibility in the Fund.

## Possible Approaches for Modifying the Fund

- Prescriptive Approach General Assembly specifies in the legislation adjustments to particular aspects of disbursement – raise caps on on-call, increase payment rate for uncompensated care.
  - Legislation defines the shares going to each category.
  - Stakeholders come to consensus once.
- Flexible Approach Direct the commissions to manage funds, but allow some flexibility in defining eligibility and setting payment methodologies.
  - Require more tinkering with existing law, i.e. remove hours of on-call and 100 percent of Medicare on payment.
  - commissions become setting for debate.
  - Approaches are not mutually exclusive.
- Some flexibility is desirable, otherwise Fund balance becomes an annual debate.

### Possible Options for Expanding Uncompensated Care

- 1. Expand the number of physicians eligible to submit an uncompensated care application by adding all trauma physician specialties. Increase \$1 million
- 2. Remove the \$250,000 cap on payments to emergency room physicians. Increase \$50,000 per year
- 3. Allow certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA) working under the medical direction of an anesthesiologist to bill the Fund. Increase \$100,000
- 4. Expand the definition of trauma care to include patients seen at specialty referral centers. Increase \$500,000

Options would establish greater parity for all specialties designated as part of the trauma team in distribution of UC.

## Possible Options for Expanding on-

- 1. Raise Level II trauma centers on-call ceiling to 30 percent of Medicare reasonable compensation equivalent. Increase \$1. million
- 2. Remove the specialty-specific ceilings and allow trauma centers to obtain payment for on-call with no limitation on specialty eligibility. Increase \$1.5 million
- 3. Raise Children's National Medical Center's Standby Allowance. Increase \$250,000

Options would establish greater parity between Level II and Level III centers and allow Children's to recover greater share of standby expenses.

### Other Options for Medicaid and Administrative Efficiencies

- 1. Increase trauma physician fees to 100 percent of Medicare and finance the fee update via an annual transfer from the Trauma Fund. No additional cost
- 2. Grant Commissions flexibility in setting fees, length of service, and place of service.

Initial year \$350,000 -\$500,000

### • • Next Steps

- Staff will share report with HSCRC. Submit to the General Assembly after HSCRC meeting on October 7<sup>th</sup>.
- Share a copy of draft report with trauma providers.
- Work with providers to gather better estimates on costs of uncompensated care and on-call expense.